

Four-component Relativistic NMR calculations in *trans*-Platinum Complexes

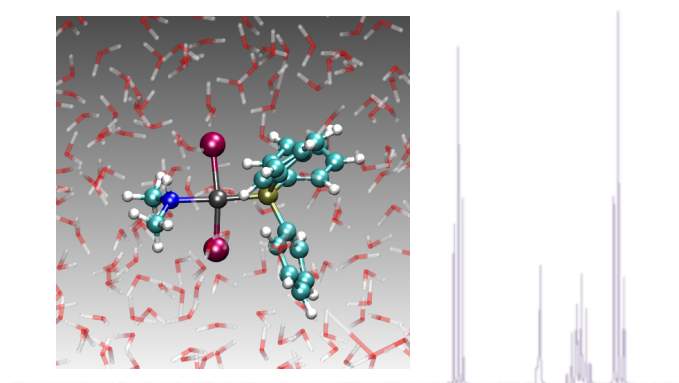
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Our investigation focus on the theoretical determination of the NMR chemical shifts using both “static” and “dynamic” approaches of a number of new *trans*-platinum complexes that have been recently synthesized (See Figure 1).^[1] In the last decade, *trans*-platinum complexes have been demonstrated to be endowed with antitumor activity. Therefore, these non conventional complexes could lead to the development of better platinum drugs, in an attempt to minimize the severe side effects of the cisplatin (*cis*-[PtCl₂(NH₃)₂]), which is now one of the most important platinum complexes that exhibits antitumor activity.

The ³¹P-NMR chemical shifts were computed using *ab-initio* molecular dynamics (AIMD) simulations, followed by DFT-NMR calculations on a large series of snapshots. The relativistic calculations were performed with the ReSpect (Relativistic Spectroscopy) program, using a four-component Dirac-Coulomb (DC) Hamiltonian including both scalar and spin-orbit corrections.^[2] The NMR chemical shifts obtained from the four-component relativistic calculations were also compared with those obtained using the spin-orbit zeroth-order-regular approximation (SO-ZORA), as implemented in the ADF program.

Figure 1. *trans*-[PtCl₂(dma)PPh₃] complex.



[1] A. G. Quiroga, *J. Inorg. Biochem.* **2012**, 114, 106-112.

[2] V. G. Malkin, O. L. Malkina, R. Reviakine, A. V. Arbuznikov, M. Kaupp, B. Schimmelpfennig, I. Malkin, M. Repiský, S. Komorovský, P. Hrobárik, E. Malkin, T. Helgaker, and K. Ruud, *ReSpect program*, **2007**.